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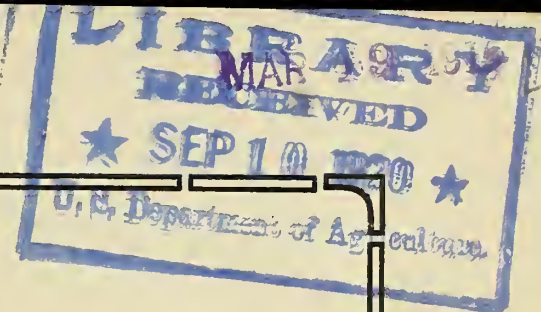
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B. H. Lake

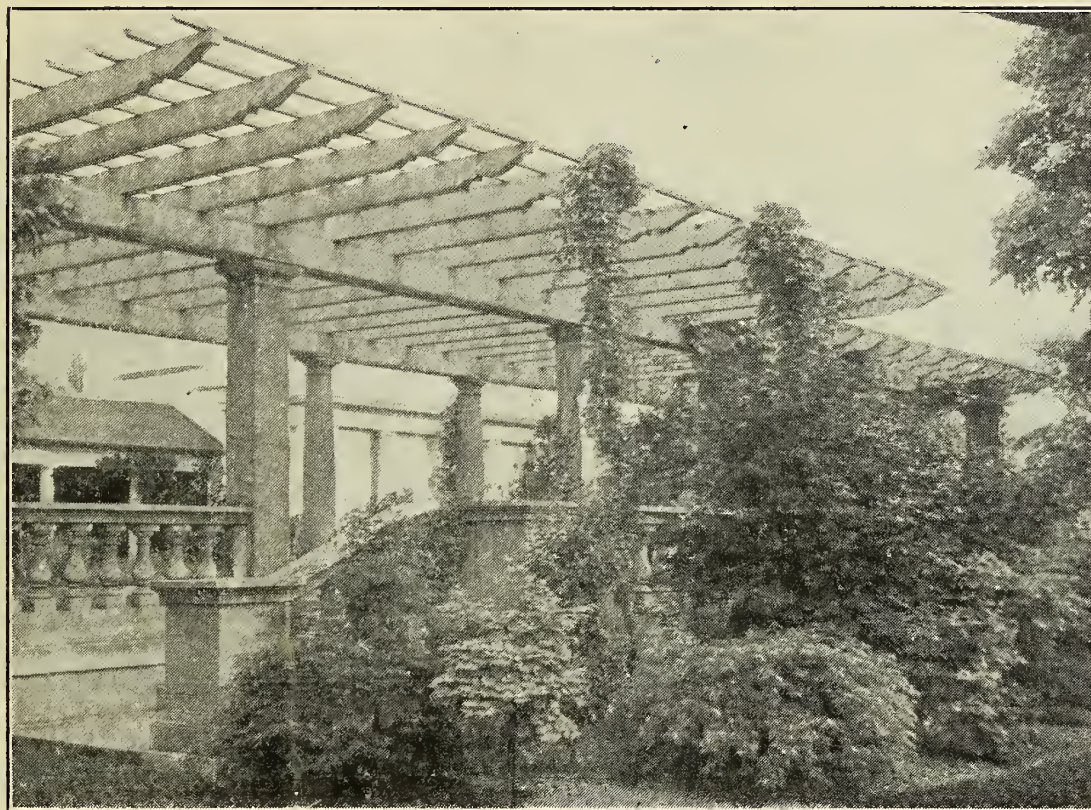
1915

INDEXED.



ROCKLAND NURSERIES

P. L. HUESTED



ESTABLISHED 1844 BY A. T. BLAUVELT

BLAUVELT,

NEW YORK

Telephone Connection through Piermont, 79-W

New Orchards of Better Fruits



Less Varieties but better ones, is the foreword to-day. We have dropped many inferior kinds and are growing mainly a few tested sorts only.

Inspection is invited any time other than on Sunday. Blauvelt stations on the West Shore and Piermont branch of the Erie are near and on notice we will meet the auto line at West Nyack.

No Packing Charges are added. State if shipment shall be by West Shore or Erie freight or by National or Wells Fargo Express. **Send cash** or bank reference when ordering.

Order Early. It is of advantage to you, in that our assortment is full and stock is sure to arrive in the best season. Late orders sometimes find our stock of certain kinds exhausted, in which case we use our best judgment as to substitution, always labeling stock so substituted true to name. If no substitution is desired, kindly so state, and any money sent will be cheerfully refunded. Often our experience as fruit-growers enables us to select varieties better than a customer can from a catalogue. Consultation is freely given.

We Guarantee all trees, shrubs and plants to be true to name and healthy, and will replace any proving otherwise, on proper proof; but it is agreed that our liability shall extend to no greater amount than the purchase price. **We do not warrant trees to live** without special agreement, but are ready to adjust any complaint made when trees or plants are received.

Apples

Eastern apple growing is coming to its own. The quality of choice varieties here is unsurpassed, but only a few growers have adopted proper growing and marketing methods. The consumption has increased faster than production, while high transportation rates are a great bar to the apples of the far west. Do not hesitate to set the best trees obtainable, a permanent apple tree may bear for fifty years but it does not cost fifty cents, and to accept a tree inferior in any way is poor policy.

Use the "filler" system, alternating the permanent trees with early fruiting kinds or with Peaches.

Dwarf Apples bear young. Set them in your garden.

Never neglect to prune severely when planting.

For Profit we highly recommend the following, all of which are given high places in the recent list of the Horticulturist at the N. Y. Experiment Station:

Baldwin, Greening, McIntosh, Rome Beauty, Wealthy and Duchess.

Prices: 2 yr. trees. No. 1, 5 to 7 ft., 30c each, \$3 per doz., \$18 per 100.

No. 2, 4 to 6 ft., 20c each, \$2 per doz., \$13 per 100.

Dwarfs, 50c each.

Select List of Varieties in Order of Ripening

Yellow Transparent. Yellow; earliest.
Red Astrachan. Popular; large, red.
Early Harvest. Large, yellow.
Alexander. Very large and deep red.
Maiden's Blush. Handsome, with red cheek; pleasant acid flavor.
Gravenstein. Quality fine; large striped. September.
Dutchess. A leading September sort of Russian origin. The tree bears young and the red striped fruit outsells others.
Fall Pippin. A large yellow Apple of finest dessert quality. Oct. to Dec.
King. Popular Fall and early Winter variety; large and fine; productive.
Wealthy. High in quality and productive. Bears often in three years from planting.
Twenty-Ounce. Very large, showy.
Wolf River. Improved Alexander.

Rome Beauty. Large, red, handsome. Juicy, crisp, early bearer, productive.
Rhode Island Greening. Large; greenish yellow. Nov. to Jan.
Baldwin. Most popular red Winter variety. December to March.
Spitzenburg. High in quality.
Northern Spy. Well known.
McIntosh Red. The most handsome late sort of high quality.
Delicious. Dark red and of extra high quality.
Stayman Winesap. A fine red sort.
York Imperial. Profitable red apple, largely grown in Pennsylvania.
Golden Russet. One of the longest keepers; fine-flavored; productive.
Newtown Pippin. Long keeper; best quality; slow grower; needs manure.
Crab. Transcendent, Hyslop, Martha.

Pears

Prices: 2 year, unless noted, 35 cts. each, \$ 3.50 per doz.

Low rates per hundred. Also Kieffer at bargain prices in large lots.

Bartlett, Clapp's and Seckel are bringing extremely high profits to growers who have these varieties for market. We offer in order of ripening an extremely short list.

Clapp's Favorite. Large yellow, with red cheek; handsome; ripe before Bartlett, and must be picked early.

Bartlett. The most popular Summer Pear for home use or market. 40 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz.

Seckel. Highest quality among Pears. Small size; brown with russet-red cheek. 40 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz.

Sheldon. Large, round, russeted; rich and

sweet.

Worden-Seckel. An improvement over Seckel in size and in growth. 40 cts. each.

Anjou. Large; greenish, rich.

Kieffer. Most productive and vigorous of Pears. Handsome and profitable. Not high in quality but standard for canning.

Clairgeau. Large; skin yellow, shaded with orange and crimson.

Lawrence. Unsurpassed as a Winter Pear.

Plums

Prices: No. 1, 2-year trees, 35 cts. each, \$3.00 per doz., \$20.00 per 100.

No. 2, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.,

Bradshaw. Large, early, violet red.

Fellenberg (French or Italian Prune). A fine, late, oval Plum.

Imperial Gage (Green Gage). Medium size, round; green; rich, sweet flavor; for family use.

Reine Claude de Bavay. Large, nearly round; pale yellow, marked with red; juicy, melting and excellent.

Grand Duke. Large, oval; dark purple; flesh firm, of good quality; juicy, rich and produc-

tive.

German Prune. Blue or purple.

Monarch. English variety. Fruit very large, roundish oval; dark purplish blue; very valuable. A little later than Grand Duke.

York State. Large, oblong; purple; very solid flesh; one of the best of the German prune type.

Shropshire Damson. Largest of the Damson class; used for preserving. Tree hardy and productive.

Japanese Plums

This class of Plums bear as young as do Peach trees.

Abundance. Very early and heavy fruiting; amber-color, turning to cherry-red; highly perfumed and flavored.

Burbank. Crimson-purple; rich and handsome; tree hardy and productive. Requires severe annual pruning and thinning of fruit. One of the best.

Satsuma. Dark red; flesh purple, firm; stone small. A fine keeper and shipper and especially good for preserving.

Red June. Earliest

Sultan. A rare sort, unsurpassed in quality. 40 cts.

Peaches

At Blauvelt Peaches have cropped annually since 1904; they are not an uncertain fruit. Our nursery trees of many sorts came from buds of our best orchard trees. Five sorts are from buds taken at the N. Y. Experiment Station, at Geneva, N. Y.

Our varieties have fruited uniformly true to label and we believe a wise orchardist can afford to pay more for such trees than take inferior kinds at any price.

We offer only a short list of varieties, having discarded many, and while the modern kinds are no better in flavor than the old Persian type of Peaches, they are almost frostproof and many times have yielded us crops of 4 to 10 baskets per tree for successive years. A five basket yield means 750 baskets per acre.

Set Peaches only in ground which will be cultivated, prune severely, and use bone and potash liberally after the trees begin to fruit, which under good care is the third or fourth year. Our plan has been to set 150 trees per acre, or to alternate with Apples, but we shall plant some kinds closer.

Prices, Orchard Sizes: No. 1, 4 to 5 ft., 18 cts. each, \$1.80 per doz., \$11 per 100.
 No. 2, 3 to 4 ft., 12 cts. each, \$1.20 per doz., \$8 per 100.
 No. 3, 2 to 3 ft., 10 cts. each, \$1.00 per doz., \$6 per 100.
 Extra size trees, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz. 1,000 rates on early application.

Greensboro. Earliest Peach worth setting.

Carman. An early variety of large size, blushed red; flesh creamy white, best flavor. A money maker.

Champion. Very large; creamy white, with red cheek; flesh white, tender, sweet and juicy. Highest quality.

Belle of Georgia. Large; white, with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor; very productive; not liable to rot.

Elberta. Fruit large, freestone; flesh and skin yellow, with red cheek; juicy. The greatest



OUR PEACH BLOCK

acre, or to alternate with Apples, but we shall

in yield and profit. Sept. 5th-12th.

J. H. Hale. A limited number of this new variety bought of Wm. P. Stark Co. offered at introducer's price.

Niagara (Mammoth Crawford). Excels Late Crawford in size; a more dependable bearer, and is somewhat longer in ripening crop.

Stephen's Rareripe. Best white Peach of its season. Red cheeked and productive.

Iron Mountain. A late-ripening, white-fleshed variety, proving unusually hardy and profitable. Large.

Other Standard Varieties of Peaches

Mountain Rose, Crawford's Early and Late, Chairs Choice, Oldmixon Free, Stump the World, Salway.

Cherries

Of late years many Sweet Cherry trees have failed to grow and bear as they did in years gone by. One chief reason lies in the fact that for the past fifteen years most nurseries have used the roots of a new Cherry as a stock on which to bud both sweet and sour varieties. This "Mahaleb" Cherry grows a fine appearing nursery tree, but the growth is not as lasting one as when the old-fashioned "Mazzard" Cherry roots were used.

There are on our grounds Black Tartarian trees set by A. T. Blauvelt in 1844 and they still bear good fruit. We advise the planting of Sweet Cherries on Mazzard roots to the exclusion of all others, and any Experiment Stations will confirm this advice.

SWEET CHERRIES

Prices: Sweet varieties, No. 1, 2-year trees, 50 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz. No. 2, 1-year trees, 35 cts. each, \$3.00 per doz.

Black Tartarian (Oxheart). Very large; rich, sweet and juicy; productive. Most popular variety.

Governor Wood. Light yellow, with red cheek; tender, juicy and of highest flavor.

Napoleon. Very large; white, with red cheek; very firm, juicy and sweet when ripe. Very productive, but liable to rot in wet weather.

Yellow Spanish. Early; yellow, with red cheek; high flavor.

Windsor. Originated in Canada. Fruit large; liver-colored, almost black; remarkably firm

and of fine quality. Very late. Profitable. **Bing.** A new Cherry from Oregon, resembling the Windsor, but larger. Some of the fruit raised in Geneva, N. Y., had a circumference of 3½ inches. In every way desirable.

Schmidt's Bigarreau. Very large, late, heart-shaped; quality excellent. A valuable variety. Black.

SOUR CHERRIES

Prices: 2-year, No. 1, 40 cts., \$4 per doz., \$25 per 100; 2-year, No. 2, 30 cts., \$3 per doz.

Plant Sour Cherries, if you want to grow Cherries for your table within the space of three to five years. Plant them for their close, vigorous habit and clean foliage, making them the most ornamental among fruit trees. Plant them largely for commercial sale. We sold about five tons of these Cherries in 1914, all in wholesale market. They occupy much less space than do the sweet varieties.

Early Richmond. Medium; dark red; sprightly acid flavor. Hardy.

Montmorency. Larger and later than Early Richmond. Best for profit.

There are two distinct kinds sold under the name of Montmorency; one is known as the "Large Montmorency" and the other as "Montmorency Ordinaire." The latter is the kind we offer. The first is not productive.

English Morello. Medium to large; blackish red, rich, acid, juicy and good. Very productive. Mid July.

Quinces

Quinces thrive best in deep, rich soil, and repay high culture and feeding. In blossom a Quince orchard is as handsome as an Orange grove and is immune from scale attack

Prices: 3½ to 5 ft., 40 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz.

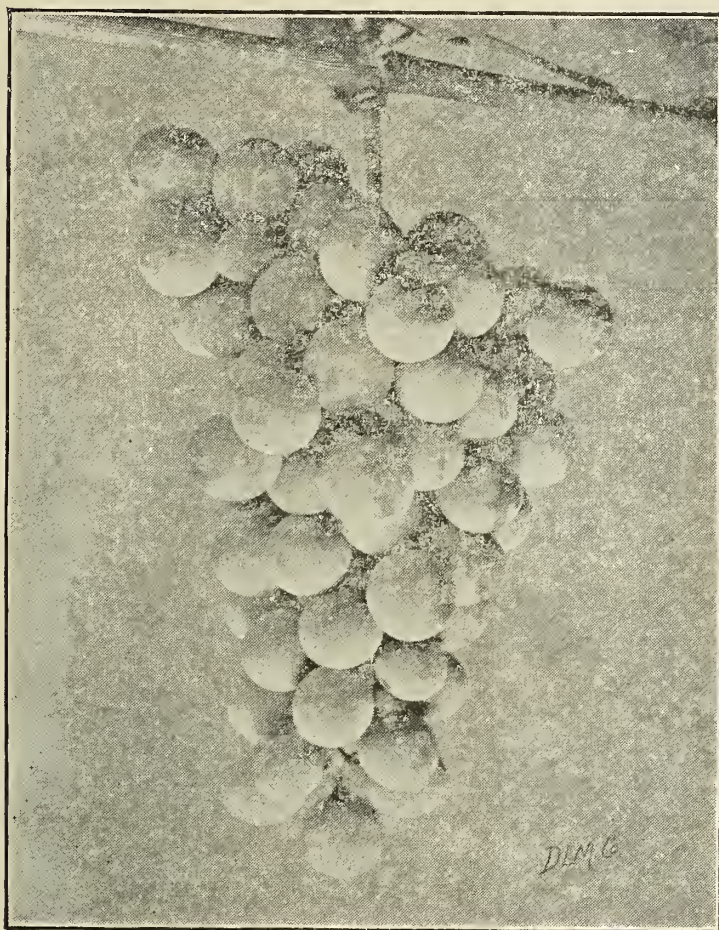
Apple, or Orange. Large, yellow, best quality. The most popular.

Champion. Late pear-shaped Quince.

Grapes

Grapes should occupy many of the bare fences on your place. They yield under neglect but respond to pruning and care in more bountiful yields of large clusters.

Price, except where noted: 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz. Low hundred rates.



NIAGARA GRAPES

Delaware. A small red Grape of finest quality; a weak grower.

Diamond (Moore's). A vigorous grower; free from mildew. Greenish, white, almost transparent; large, early; sweet and juicy.

Moore's Early. Bunch and berry large and black; ripe very early. Not a prolific bearer, but ripens before any other good variety.

Niagara. A remarkably strong grower. Bunch and berry of the largest size; greenish white, of good quality. Mid-season.

Vergennes. Large, red, sweet productive. A good, long keeper.

Worden. Resembles Concords, but is larger, earlier and of better quality.

Campbell's Early. A very large, promising, early black grape, of good eating and keeping quality.

Bacchus. For wine this Grape brings high prices.

Brighton. The best red Grape in cultivation. Bunch and berry of medium size; of superior quality. Early.

Concord. The favorite black variety. 15 cts. each, \$1.00 per doz.

MULBERRIES

Price: 4 to 6 ft., 60 cts. each.
Downing and New American.

APRICOTS

Harris. The best known and most reliable, 50 cts. each.

NUT TREES

Price: 50 cts. each.

English Walnut. Bears here. Tender while young.

Japan Walnut. Vigorous and hardy. Nuts borne in clusters.

Butternut. Excellent native tree.

CURRENTS

Currents are paying well. This plant will grow in any soil that will produce good farm crops. Wood ashes are very desirable for this as well as for most fruits.

Prices: 2-year-old plants, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$6.00 per 100.

1-year-old plants, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$4.00 per 100.

Low thousand rates.

Fay's Prolific. Large, rich red, on long and easily picked stems.

Wilder. Strongest grower; productive and long-keeping. Fruit is large in clusters; long stems.

For commercial planting the leader.

Champion. An excellent English black variety. Fine for jam.

White Grape. Of fine quality; less acid than the reds. For table use.

GOOSEBERRIES

2-YEAR-OLD PLANTS OF THE FOUR BEST SORTS

Downing. Large, green; of good quality; productive. 12 cts each, \$1.25 per doz.

Columbus. A white variety of finest flavor and wonderful productiveness. With us it is larger than any other. 25 cts each, \$2.50 per doz.

Red Jacket (Josselyn). A large red American sort. Free from mildew, of best quality. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12.00 per 100.

Industry. Vigorous upright growth; very productive. Color red; of pleasant, agreeable flavor. 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

STRAWBERRIES

We offer no Blauvelt grown plants except potted Marshall plants for August delivery. These will fruit the following June. No berry excels Marshall in flavor.

Price of potted plants: \$3.00 per 100. Layer plants from a contract grower in April, 75 cts. per 100, \$4.00 per 1,000.

BLACKBERRIES

Plant in rows six feet apart. Cut out old canes soon as done bearing.

Price: 50 cts. per doz., \$3.00 per 100.

Eldorado. Hardy and productive; medium large, long berries, tender, sweet, melting; a fine table berry. Low rates per thousand on this variety.

Early Harvest. A very early sweet variety. Not always hardy.

Ward. A New Jersey seedling of the Kittatinny, having all of its good qualities and none of its defects. Healthy, strong grower, producing large fruit, black throughout. Has never winter-killed in New Jersey.

RASPBERRIES

Plant in rows 5 to 7 feet apart and thin out early to six or seven canes in the hill. Cut out the old canes as soon as they are done bearing. Give a light dressing of manure annually.

Price, except where noted: 40 cts. per doz., \$2.00 per 100.

Columbian. Purple. This variety has the richness of the red and the tartness of the black-caps. There is no better berry for home use and for market where its qualities are known.

Cuthbert. Red. Well known and extensively planted. Season medium to late. High quality.

St. Regis. Red. A new berry fruit of unusual merit. Fruits in Fall as well as in July. 50

cts. per doz. \$3.00 per hundred.

King. Red. This is one of the best early kinds. Berries large, firm and of good flavor.

Kansas. Berries size of Gregg's but better color; jet black, almost free from bloom; firm; of best quality.

Plum Farmer. Black. A leader among all sections where known. Plant no other for the main crop.

ASPARAGUS, ETC.

Conover's Colossal. Large, rapid growing, well-known kind.

Palmetto. A high quality southern variety, very early in season and large. Price of As-

paragus, \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1,000.

Rhubarb. 10 cts. each; \$1.00 per doz.

Horse Radish. 25 cts. per doz.

FERTILIZERS, SPRAY PUMPS, ETC.

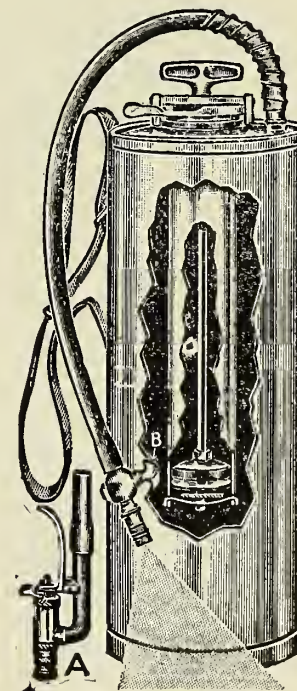
In young orchards applications of stable manure are apt to promote too strong a growth of wood. Bone and potash are the ideal manure for fruits.

Write for Prices on Fertilizers and Insecticides.

We use and recommend a light power sprayer costing \$100 to \$125, according to equipment, and will gladly demonstrate or sell on trial, but orders for Spring should be placed early.

\$5.00 Auto-Spray outfits for garden spraying. Always on hand.

Catalog and price list of Vreelands "Electro Brand" insecticides sent on request.



AUTO-SPRAY



A SIMPLE AND TASTEFUL PLANTING

Note that the lawn is not divided by a central path, also that a screen cuts off all view of the neighbor's yard in the rear.

The beauty of a planting is but little influenced by the size of the undertaking.

Artistic plantings change bare lots to ideal home sites, make delightful shaded avenues and change bare houses into real homes.

The cost is usually far less than supposed and seldom indeed is the return from sensible planting not felt in added property values as well as in the pleasure and interest well planted homes always give. Why should not five per cent of the cost of a new home be devoted to planting the surroundings artistically. It would transform our villages.

We take particular pleasure in making suggestions for particular problems. Consult us early.

Is quick shade most needed?

Do bare foundation lines appear about buildings?

Is a service court or enclosed laundry yard needed at the rear? Beech, evergreens, and some dense shrubs serve well.

Are evergreens needed for screens, windbreaks, or in dwarf varieties for bright groups?

Should hedges enclose the vegetable garden, rose garden or give a background for a border

In which direction are objectionable views to be obscured? We will advise for quick results.

Do slopes need planting?

Will choice lawn specimens add beauty?

May we suggest plants for shady places or plants for attractive effects successive months through the year?

Ornamental Trees

Unless noted, the prices average 50 cts. \$ 5 per dozen for our usual nursery sizes. Smaller and larger sizes priced on application. Extra heavy grades for immediate effect.

ALDER, Imperial Cut-leaved. Deeply cut foliage; excellent as a single specimen.

ASH, American White.

APPLE, Two varieties of flowering crab apples. Fragrant and showy.

BEECH, American. A majestic, handsome tree. One of the best native trees for avenue, lawns or screens. Russet leaves hold over winter.

Purple-leaved. One of the most ornamental and effective trees in landscape planting. \$1.00 to \$2.50.

Fern-leaved. A rare variety with graceful habit and delicate foliage. \$1.00 up.

Weeping. A tree of rugged, picturesque growth. \$1.00. Large 12 ft. specimens at \$8.50.

BIRCH. Cut-leaved weeping variety shown in cut.

CATALPA, Speciosa. For quick shade. Has large leaves and large panicles of showy flowers.

Bungei. A dwarf variety grafted standard high. Forms a dense head, and is attractive. Used in formal gardens. \$1.00 to \$1.50. See cut.

CHERRY, Japanese Weeping. A most delicate pink flowering cherry. \$1.00 up.

DOGWOOD, Single White-flowering. A small forest tree which improves greatly by cultivation. Crimson foliage in Autumn. Bears scarlet berries in Fall.

Red-flowering. Rosy pink blossoms. \$1.00 up.

Weeping. Erect leader, weeping branches.

ELM, American White. A lofty, gracefully spreading, native tree. 75 cts. to \$1.00. Low rates per 100 for street planting.

Weeping. Wide arched streamers. \$1 up.

HORNBEAM. Because the russet leaves remain during winter this tree makes excellent screens.

HORSE CHESTNUT, White-flowering. Noble lawn tree.

Red-flowering. New; showy.

Double White-flowering. Grafted. Bears no nuts. \$1.50.

LARCH, European. A deciduous conifer. Has slender, drooping branchlets and pretty green foliage.

LINDEN European. A rapid, pyramidal grower. The flowers are very fragrant; the tree casts a dense shade. 1 ¼ inch 75cts., 1 ½ inch \$1.

American. Basswood.



CATALPA BUNGEII



- MAGNOLIA acuminata.** Tall.
Macrophylla (Great-leaved).
Glauc. See Shrubs.
Conspicua—Chinese. Low; round head; pure white flowers expanding before the leaves.
Soulangeana. Most popular hardy sort. Flowers white, shaded pink outside. \$1.00
MAGNOLIA, Lenne's. A pink-flowering late variety. \$1.50.

MAIDEN HAIR TREE (Ginkgo). A native of Japan, of medium size, with rich, glossy fern-like foliage.

MAPLES. We have hundreds of Maples for street planting. Ask for estimates.

Silver-leaved. Quickest in growth and easily transplanted. 1 inch 50 cts., 1¼ inch 85 cts., 1½ inch \$1.00. Low hundred rates.

Sugar (Hard or Rock Maple). Long-lived, handsome tree. 1 inch 75 cts., 1¼ inch \$1.00, 1½ inch \$1.50.

Norway. Dark green foliage. Round head. We recommend this tree highly. 1 inch 70 cts., 1¼ inch 90 cts., 1½ inch \$1.40 graded by height, 8 to 10 ft., 50 cts. Low hundred rates.

Schwedler's Norway. A handsome purple-leaved form of Norway. Bright color in Spring, changing to bronze later. 75 cts. up.

Wier's Cut-leaved. A drooping form of Silver Maple with finely cut foliage. 75 cts. to \$1.00.

JAPAN MAPLES

These dwarf Maples form a most beautiful class, brilliant in foliage, dense in growth and graceful in outline. Use them where space is limited either in groups or as single specimens.

ACER, Polymorphum. Foliage is deeply lobed, and varying in color in Spring from green to pink; colors a deep crimson in Autumn. 50 cts.

Atropurpureum. Blood-leaved. Most popular of all. The tree is hardy and pretty through all the season. \$1.00 to \$3.00.

Dissectum atropurpureum. The leaves are purple, very finely cut, drooping habit. \$1.50 to \$2.00.

Japonicum aureum. A dwarf variety; round, golden tinted leaves which are but slightly cut. \$2.00.

MOUNTAIN ASH, European. Bears bright red berries in Fall and Winter.

MULBERRY, Teas' Weeping. The best weeping tree. \$1.00 to \$1.50. See cut, pg.

OAK, American White.

Pin. Attractive native species with horizontal branches and prettily colored Autumn foliage. A valuable street tree. 75 cts. to \$2.50.

Scarlet. Very attractive because of its bright colored foliage.

PLANE TREE. The Oriental variety excels the well known Sycamore or Buttonball of America. 75 cts. up. Low hundred rates.

POPLAR, Carolina. Strong-grow of pyramidal form, with large, dark glossy leaves. Grows anywhere. Use this tree for quick shade or for screening views of objectionable buildings in the shortest possible time. It thrives alike in wet or dry locations and can be depended on for quicker results than the longer lived Maples and Oaks give. 8 to 10 ft., 35 cts.; 10 to 12 ft., 50 cts.

We make low prices per hundred or thousand for street planting or suburban lot development. Write for estimates.

Lombardy. A tall slender-growing Poplar, very common in Europe. Plant it closely for screen purposes or in groups for landscape effects, but not for dense shade. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

SOPHORA Japonica (Pagoda Tree). Handsome low tree, with glossy pinnate foliage.

SWEET GUM. A beautiful tree, with large, star-shaped leaves, turning deep crimson in Fall.

TULIP or White Wood. A rapid growing tree which reaches large size.

THORN, Paul's Double Scarlet. The best double Thorn. 75 cts. up.

Double White. White flowers. Very ornamental variety. 50 cts.

WILLOW, Babylonian. The common graceful Weeping Willow.

Thurlow's Weeping. New. More upright and hardy than the common Weeping Willow. 75 cts.

Golden-barked. Very pretty in Winter.

Britzensis. Attractive in Winter on account of its salmon-red bark.

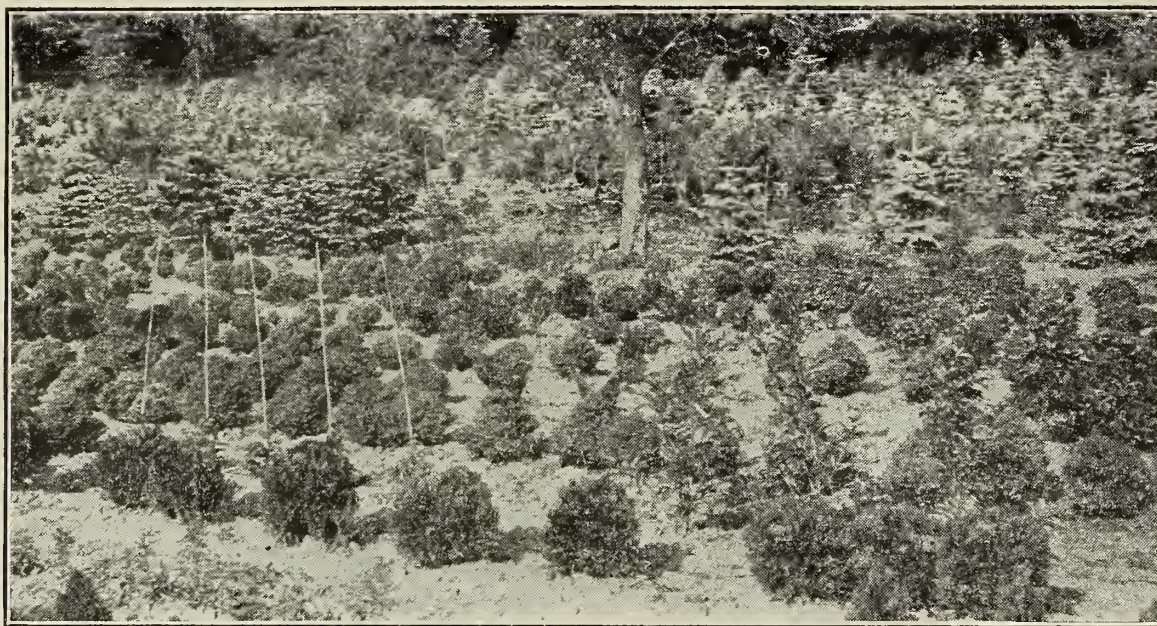
Rosemary. A most graceful Willow with feathery branches.

Laurel-leaved. Dark glossy foliage.



WEeping MULBERRY

Evergreens



The larger use of Evergreens in plantings is adding greatly to the beauty and color in landscapes and is giving protection from Winter winds and screening unsightly objects. April, August and September are best months for planting.

Advise us of the location where Evergreens are desired and we will suggest effective group selections.

Prices vary with variety and quality of trees, and cost of balling when essential, hence a personal selection is most desirable; but we quote exact sizes with prices on application.

ARBORVITAE, American. 25 cts. to \$1.00.

See also Hedge Plants.

Siberian. Compact and conical in growth; constant in color.

Pyramidal. Columnar in growth; dark green. Very hardy.

Globe. Grows in low, dense, globe form without shearing. 35 cts. up.

Rollinson's Golden. Is tipped a bright golden in Summer and turns chocolate-brown in Winter. 75 cts. to \$2.00.

Peabody's Golden. The brightest and most permanent in color of all the fancy Arborvitae. \$1.00.

Chinese (Biota). Pyramidal, with dense fresh green foliage.

Berckman's Dwarf Golden. One of the prettiest of evergreens for single specimens or groups. 50 cts up.

CEDAR, Blue Mt. Atlas. Hardy form of Oriental Cedar, eventually attaining large size. Striking blue foliage. 1 ft., 30 cts., 4 ft., \$2.00.

CYPRESS, Nootka Sound. Hardy pyramidal form of Lawson's Cypress. \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Triomphe de Boskoop. Blue form of Lawsonii. Bright as Colorado Blue Spruce.

FIR, Balsam. 50 cts. up.

Cephalonian Silver. Broad compared with height; pyramidal; silvery leaves with spine on point. Hardy. \$1.00 to \$3.00.

- Concolor.** A Colorado Fir. Its graceful habit, broad, handsome foliage—green or blue above and glaucous beneath—make it a rival to the Colorado Blue Spruce. \$3.00 to \$5.00.
- European Silver.** A noble tree with spreading branches. Foliage broad and silvery. 50 cts. up.
- Nordmann's Silver.** The richest of Evergreens. Foliage is heavy, dark and lustrous, silvery underneath. \$1.50 to \$5.00.
- HEMLOCK.** Our well-known native Spruce. 50 cts. up. See also Hedge Plants.
- JUNIPER, Irish.** Forms a tall slender column of silvery green. 50 cts. to \$2.00.
- Red Cedar.** Our well-known hardy native tree. Now in great demand for use about residences on Long Island. Nursery grown trees live, others have few roots.
- Stricta.** Silvery in color, pyramidal form. One of the best. 50 cts to \$1.00.
- Variegated Chinese.** A compact form with foliage beautifully variegated. \$1.50 to \$2.
- Tamariscifolia.** A bright green, trailing plant. Best of its class. 75 cts. up.
- PINE, .Austrian..** Strong spreading sturdy growth; dark foliage.
- Scotch.** Of lighter color and more upright than the Austrian.
- White.** Our finest native Pine. 50 cts. up. Seedlings \$1 to \$3 per 100.
- Swiss Stone.** A dwarf Pine; very erect and close-branched. 75 cts. up.
- Mugho.** A low-growing, broad-spreading tree; very ornamental.
- PINE, Umbrella.** A beautiful and hardy evergreen from Japan. Shining dark foliage arranged in whorls of umbrella-like tufts. Of slow growth, but rare and desirable. \$2.00 up.
- Bhotan, or Himalayan Mountain Pine.** Stately, rapid grower, resembling our native White Pine, but with longer, more silvery leaves. \$1.00 to \$4.00.
- RETINISPORA** (Japan Cypress). This is a most interesting class of evergreens, many of them being of dwarf habit and particularly adapted to small places. There are great varieties of tints and variegations among them, and the roots are well fitted

for transplanting. 50 cts. to \$5.00. Specimens are shipped with balls of earth.

Filifera (Thread-branched Japan Cypress). Beautiful tree of very elegant appearance with bright green foliage. Pyramidal in outline and particularly graceful on account of the tips drooping in long filaments.

Obtusa. A close, compact form.

Pisifera. Fine feathery foliage; branches glaucous underneath.

Pisifera aurea. A variety of the preceding; growth tessellated and wavy; vigorous in habit; foliage rich golden.

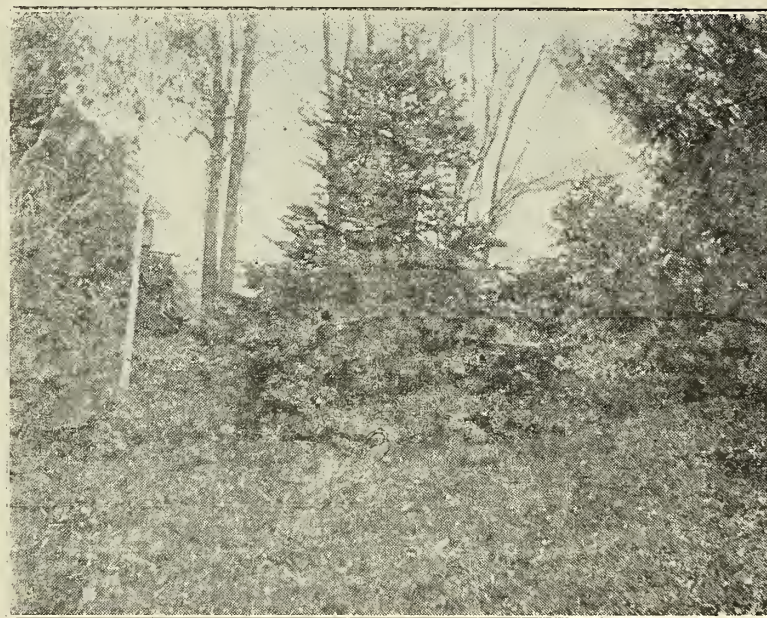
Plumosa. Dwarf, dense growth; branchlets slender and feathery.

Plumosa aurea. A variety of the above with gold tipped leaves.

Lycopodoides. A pretty dwarf variety, resembling Club Moss.

Squarrosa Veitchii. A handsome, erect glaucous tree of medium size; striking in appearance and color.

SPRUCE, Norway. The most generally planted evergreen. Rapid and symmetrical in growth. See Hedge Plants. 1½ to 2 ft., 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.; 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each, \$5.00 per doz.; 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1.00. Specimens, \$1.00 to \$5.00.



NORDMAN'S SILVER FIR

SPRUCE—Continued

Weeping. A remarkably striking form.

Colorado Blue. A magnificent tree from the Rocky Mountains. Of compact growth, varying in color from light blue to sage-green. Blue specimens, 2 ft., \$2 each, 3 ft., \$3.50 each. Green specimens, 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Koster's Blue. A light blue strain of the above, grown in Holland. Very choice.

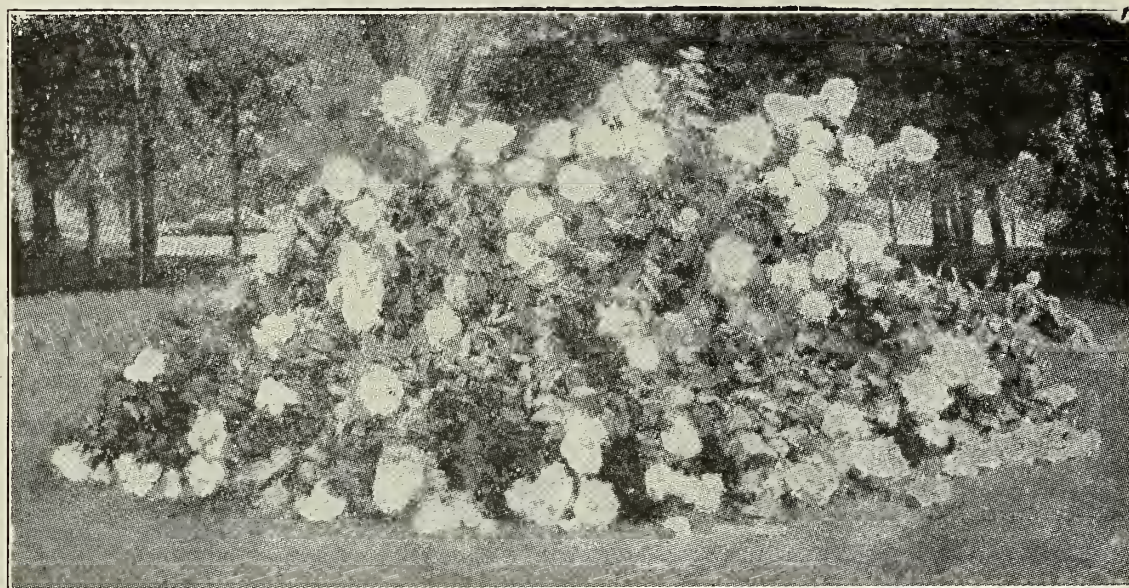
White. Medium-sized native tree of compact growth and entirely hardy.

Douglas'. From Colorado. Rapid grower. Light green foliage and graceful spreading form. \$1.00 to \$2.00.

Oriental. One of the most beautiful evergreens. Not so large and coarse as the Norway Spruce. \$1.50 up.

YEW, English and Irish. \$1.00 up.

Flowering Shrubs



HYDRANGEA GROUP

Shrubs quickly transform any grounds, give them two or three years and they show mature effects. Large size ones do this even quicker.

Plant them in groups by all means. It is the natural way and keeps the open lawn space

Let us suggest the best selection to screen your laundry yard, service court or to border a drive. The use of shrubs on slopes is little understood; there are many well adapted for this and much grading may well be omitted.

May we furnish a list particularly adapted to shady locations, or a list for poor dry ground, or for a succession of bloom from April to October?

Several bright twigged varieties give bright winter effects and many have berries which attract birds.

Price, unless noted: 25 cts. to 35 cts. each, \$2.50 to \$3.50 per doz.

Bedding size, 15 cts. Extra large specimens, 50 cts.

Low rates per hundred or thousand.

ALMOND, Double Rose-flowering.

ALTHAEA (Rose of Sharon). Several choice varieties. Sept.

Variegated-leaved.

AZALEA mollis. Hardy Azalea are used extensively for early forcing. Plants with 10 to 20 buds, 30 cts. to 50 cts.

Amoena. See Evergreen Shrubs.

BARBERRY, Thunberg's. An attractive shrub which is fast becoming popular. Use it where a low dense growing shrub is required as in the foreground of shrubbery groups or close to foundation lines. Flowers in May, colors most beautifully in Autumn, and bears bright berries throughout Winter. 25 and 35 cts. each. Hedge plants \$8 to \$12 per 100. See Hedge Plants pg. 19

Purple-leaved. Violet-purple foliage.

BRIDAL WREATH. See Spirea.

CALYCANTHUS (Sweet-scented Shrub). Has chocolate-colored flowers.

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spiraea, or Verbena Shrub). Blooms late.

DEUTZIA crenata fl. pl. White, tinged with pink. Tall.

Candidissima. Pure white.

DEUTZIA Lemoinei.

Pride of Rochester. Earlier flowering than D. crenata. Tall.

Gracilis. Dwarf variety; flowers pure white.

DOGWOOD, Red-branched. Very conspicuous in Winter.

Golden-twiggled. Bright golden yellow bark, White. See Deciduous Trees.

Red-flowering. See Deciduous Trees.

DAPHNE MEZEREUM. The pink flowers appear the first days of Spring. 50 cts.

ELDER, Golden. Bright leaves. Plant in the sun.

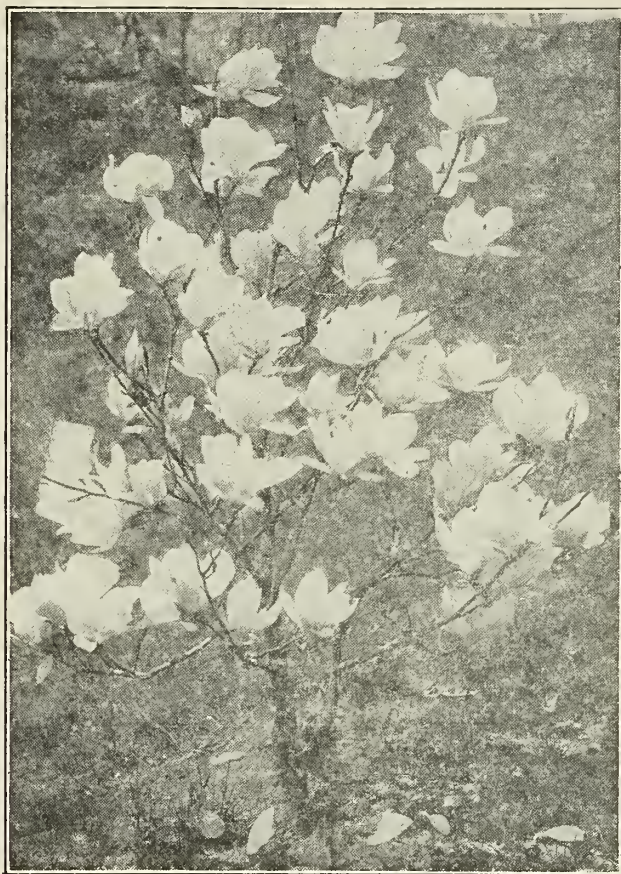
EUONYMUS Europeus. In Winter when loaded with scarlet seed pods.

Japonica. Very pretty evergreen shrub, with large leaves resembling Holly. Yellow bloom early in Spring.

Radicans. See Vines.



FOUNDATION PLANTING



MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA

DIERVILLA (Weigela). In variety of shades from pink to white. Late May.

Rosea. Most popular.

Desboisi. A deeper shade of rose.

Eva Rathke. A new variety, bearing brilliant crimson flowers.

Variegated-leaved. Fine dwarfish variety; flowers nearly white.

EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA. White. Blooms in May.

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell).

Virdissima. Early-blooming.

Suspensa. A weeping variety.

Fortune's. Growth upright, foliage deep green; flowers yellow.

HONEYSUCKLE, Tartarian. Upright; pink and white variety, flowering in May and June; fragrant.

HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. Immense pyramids of white flowers, changing to pink. Most effective when planted in groups. For Fall effect. See pg. 16.

Tree Form of above, 50 cts.

Hortensis. The well-known variety used in tubs for porch or lawn decoration. The color of the flowers ranges from pink to intense blue. 50 cts.

"Hills of Snow." A new native Hydrangea, blooming from June till the old paniculata begins to bloom. Very desirable. 50 cts. and 75 cts.

JUDAS TREE, American. Rosy pink flowers, appearing along the branches. 50 cts.

Japanese. A dwarf variety, with smaller leaves and brighter blossoms. 35 cts.

KERRIA (Rhodotypos). Large white flowers in early Summer.

LAUREL. See Evergreen Shrubs.

LILACS, Purple and White. The two well-known fragrant sorts.

Persian. Has smaller leaves and bright purple flowers.

Tree Form. 50 cts. Named varieties of fancy Lilacs, 50 cts.

MAGNOLIA, Chinese. See Trees.

Glaucal (Sweet Bay). Leaves glossy, evergreen, white beneath; has white, cup-shaped, fragrant flowers. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

MAHONIA Japonica. Pretty evergreen shrub; large leaves resembling Holly. Yellow bloom early in Spring. 35 cts. to 50 cts.

Aquifolium. Smaller-leaved.

MOCK ORANGE. See Syringa.

PEONY, Tree. Earlier and larger than the herbaceous Peonies. Colors varying from white to crimson. \$1.00 up.

Herbaceous. See Border Plants.

PRIVET, California. A rapid-growing, nearly evergreen shrub, 15 cts. up; 2-year, \$4.00 to \$6.00 per 100. See Hedge Plants, page 21.

Golden California. New. Leaves are beautifully margined with bright yellow, the color remaining bright until Winter. 35 cts. up.

Ibota. Of spreading habit, with curving branches. Its pure white flowers appear

in June, to be followed later by bluish black seeds. Hardy. 20 cts. each.

Regel's. A low dense form with drooping branches. Excellent.

PURPLE FRINGE (Smoke Tree). Covered in Summer with purple, misty flowers.

RHODENDRON. See Evergreen Shrubs.

STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. A beautifully cut, golden-leaved shrub, with graceful branches bearing white flowers in June. Leaves turn to bronze in Autumn.

STUARTIA pentagyna. This "American Camellia" is one of the most beautiful shrubs. Erect in habit, with fine foliage.

SNOWBALL, Common. Our old-fashioned well-known variety.

Japan. Rich green, plaited leaves; large, compact balls of white flowers. June.

SPIRAEA, Bridal Wreath. Beautiful well-known shrub. May.

Bumalda. A dwarf pink variety that flowers all Summer.

Bumalda Watereri. An improvement over Bumaldi in its brighter color.

Arguta. A pink flowering. S. Thunbergii.

Opulifolia aurea. Best tall golden-leaved shrub.

Thunbergii. A low-growing variety of graceful, drooping habit, with narrow leaves. Early May.

Van Houttei. The finest of all Spiraeas. A most charming and graceful shrub, having pure white flowers in clusters. Extraordinarily profuse in bloom. Plant is a vigorous grower.

SNOWBERRY, White. A well-known shrub, with small pink flowers and large white berries that hang on the plant in Winter.

Red-fruited Snowberry, or Indian Currant. A shrub of very pretty habit. Flowers pinkish, fruit red.

SYRINGA (Mock Orange). White flowers in profusion in June.

Golden-leaved. Leaves bright yellow; plant more dwarf in habit.

Avalanche. Slender, arching branches, covered almost the whole length with showy white, fragrant flowers, larger than those of Mock Orange.

SUMACH, Cut-leaved. Leaves glossy and fern-like.

TAMARIX Africanus. Bearing small pink blooms in September.

VIBURNUM Plicatum. See Snowball Japan.

Opulus (Highbush cranberry).

Japonicum. Largely planted in New York parks. Excellent foliage, dark and dense.

Tomentosum. A handsome shrub blooming

WHITE FRINGE. Flowers with white, fringe-like petals.

Hedge Plants

Do not think of hedging for the front alone, it serves even more satisfactorily for enclosing the vegetable or rose garden or for marking rear boundary lines.

California Privet.

Per 100

1-yr., 12 in. to 18 in. \$2.00

1-yr., 18 in. to 24 in. 3.00

2-yr., 18 in. to 24 in. 4.00

2-yr., 24 in. to 36 in. 5.00

Plant deep and cut back to 5 or 6 inches.

Norway Spruce. 15 in. to 20 in., \$15.00 per 100.

Arborvitae. 12 in. to 18 in., \$10.00 per 100.

Hemlock. 10 in. to 15 in., \$25.00 per 100.

Berberis Thunbergii. By far the best hedge plant among shrubs. Attractive in Spring and particularly bright when foliage colors in Fall. Scarlet berries remain over Winter. 15 to 24 inches, \$12 per 100; 10 to 18 inches, \$8 per 100; Seedlings, 7 to 10 inches, \$4 per 100. See cut page —.

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs



RHODODENDRONS

RHODODENDRONS. These are the finest of all evergreen shrubs; the leaves are broad, green and glossy, surmounted with scarlet, purple or white clusters of flowers, many of them as large as a small bouquet. Rhododendrons should have a light, peaty soil, free from lime and clay, a position that is slightly shaded. It pays to go to some expense to prepare the bed thoroughly, to give some protection in Winter, and to mulch with leaves or well-rotted manure. Eastern exposures are best and protection from high winds is essential. We sell only the hardy kinds.

Rhododendron Hybrids. Of these beautiful varieties there are many hardy ones, varying in color from deep crimson to rose-pink and white. \$1.00 to \$1.50. \$10 per doz.

Hardy Varieties:

Album Elegans, very large, white.
Charles Dickens, red, shaded, crimson.
General Grant, crimson, shaded magenta.
Giganteum, large, cherry red.
Graniflorum, dark rose.
H. H. Hunnewell, crimson.
H. W. Sargeant, red, shaded crimson.
Lady Clermont, red, shaded, crimson.
Roseum Elegans, pale lavender, pink shade.

Maximum (Great Laurel). This large-growing native variety has light pink blooms in July and is used extensively in large grounds. Small plants, 35 cts. to 50 cts. Car lots from woodlands, \$125 to \$150.

Catawbiense. A native species from Carolina. Flowers of a lilac-purple color. 50 cts to \$1.00.

MOUNTAIN LAUREL. Narrow-leaved. Bears small, showy clusters of rose-colored flowers. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

AZALEA Amoena. Beautiful evergreen shrub, with an abundance of small, shining dark green leaves and claret-colored flowers, appearing in May. The foliage turns to a bronze hue in Autumn. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Hinodegiri. A magnificent hardy Japanese variety; decided improvement upon A. amoena, which it somewhat resembles in habit of growth, but is a more vigorous grower and foliage is heavier. Bright carmine flowers are produced in enormous quantities. In fact, when in full bloom, the plant is almost a solid mass of color.

Remains in bloom for a long period. This variety is hardy North. 12 to 18 in., strong, bushy plants, each \$1.00.

The Azaleas and Laurels harmonize well with Rhododendrons in bordering beds of the latter.

BOX (Buxus), Handsworth's. A fine hardy variety of vigorous, upright growth; large foliage. 35 cts. up.

Tree. A compact, slow-growing shrub; dense, green foliage. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Dwarf. Valuable for edging beds or borders. 4 to 5 in., \$6.00 per 100; 5 to 6 in., \$8.00 per 100.

Pyramid and Ball-shaped specimens \$2.00 to \$4.00 per pair.

Vines and Creepers

Prices: 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., unless noted. Assortment of five, \$1.00.

AKEBIA Quinata. Japanese climber, nearly evergreen; violet blooms, fragrant.

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Japan or Boston Ivy). Most popular climber for brick or stone; has most gorgeous Autumn foliage. 25 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

Quinquefolia. (Virginia Creeper). A beautiful native climber, perfectly hardy. Rich crimson Autumn foliage. 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

CLEMATIS Paniculata. A rank grower and has a profusion of single white flowers, delightfully fragrant. 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

Jackmanni. Intense violet-purple, remarkable for velvety richness. The most valuable of all large-flowering Clematis. 40 cts.

Mme. Edouard Andre. Single. The most desirable red sort. 40 cts.

Henryi. Very vigorous; a free bloomer and most valuable of the large whites. 40 cts. One each of last three for \$1.

ENGLISH IVY. Evergreen climbing vine, with dark glossy green leaves. Much used for covering walls of churches, etc., and for

cemetery work. Is a true evergreen; retains its bright green leaves all Winter and always looks alive. Price, large size, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

EUONYMUS, Radicans. A hardy, dense growing vine. Satisfactory in a shady situation. Excellent for covering walls, rock or trunks of old trees. Should be more used.

E. Radicans Variegata. Green leaves variegated with silvery white.

Price: either variety, 20 cts.; \$2 doz. for 2 yr. plants. Large 5 yr., 50 cts.

HONEYSUCKLE, Hall's Japan. Fragrant; free bloomer, almost evergreen.

Golden-veined. Attractive.

MATRIMONY VINE. Valuable for trellis or embankments.

MYRTLE (Periwinkle). Evergreen leaves, with small blue flowers. 10 cts. Clump 25 cts.

TRUMPET VINE. Orange-red trumpet flowers. Desirable for training over arbors, etc.

WISTARIA. Blue. Strong grower when established. 25 cts.

White. Flowers pure white. 50 cts.

Roses

A right sort of country home must have Roses in abundance.

In our offering a list of Roses, we have confined ourselves to such as succeed with ordinary cultivation and give best satisfaction.

Our Roses are almost all on their own roots, and not to be compared with small pot Roses nor the Holland grown, budded stock sold at auction and department stores.

Cut all Roses severely back when planting. Hardy Roses may be planted either Spring or Fall. Protect from sun when first planted. Mulch in Winter.

HYBRID PERPETUAL

Price: Heaviest 2 yr. plants, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Clio. Light satiny rose-colored flowers:

Frau Karl Druschki (Snow Queen). Flowers very large; beautiful, pure silvery white, with very deep bud. This is the best white Hybrid Perpetual yet introduced and one of the best novelties of recent years.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson; large and very fine; one of the handsomest and most showy Roses of this color.

Magna Charta. A full, globular, pink Rose, with carmine shadings and delightful fragrance. Plant is strong and blooms freely.

Marshall P. Wilder. Color cherry-carmine, richly shaded with maroon. Very fragrant;

Mrs. R. G. Sharman-Crawford. New. Deep rosy pink, outer petals pale flesh, base of petals cream; large and perfect form.

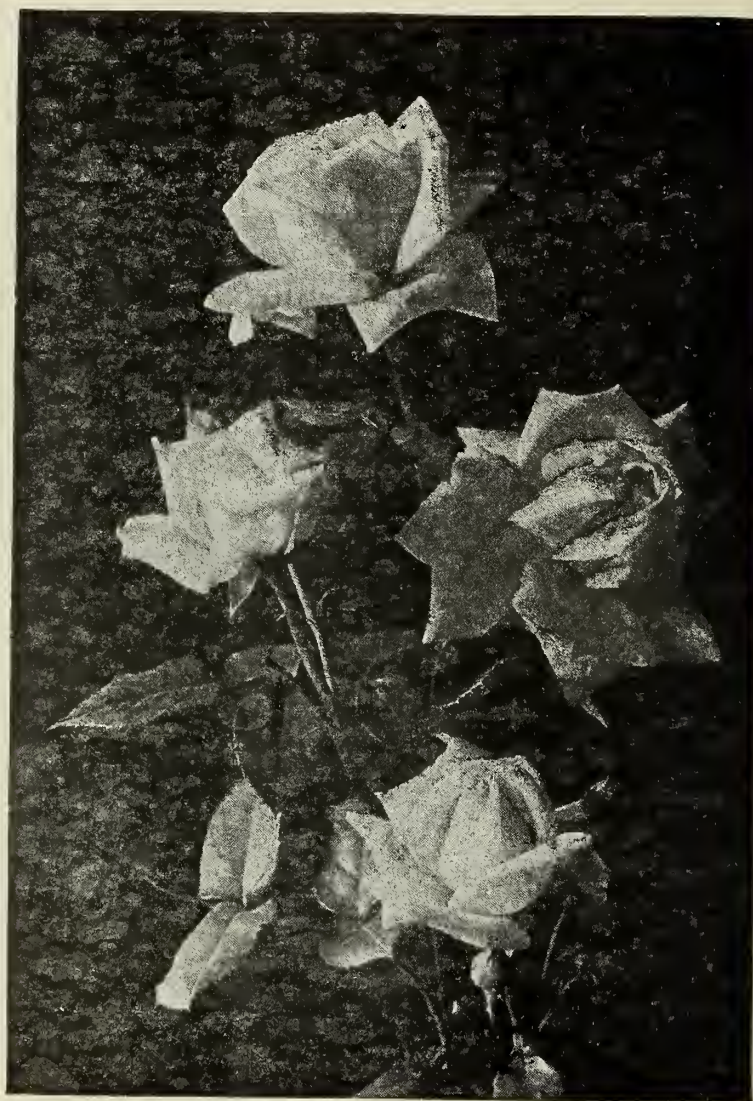
Paul Neyron. This magnificent Rose is by far the largest variety in cultivation. Very double and full, of a beautiful deep rose-color, and delightfully fragrant; borne upon vigorous upright shoots in great abundance.

Ulrich Brunner. A superb Rose; a seedling from Paul Neyron:

HYBRID TEAS AND EVERBLOOMERS

Price: 30 cts. each, \$3.00 per doz.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. A superb white Rose of almost perfect form in bud and flower; large, full and double. The fragrance is



KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA

distinct and rich; the plant is strong, with handsome foliage and a continual show of blossoms.

Gruss an Teplitz. One of the finest crimson Teas grown. Dark, rich velvety crimson, shading to brilliant red.

Oriole. New yellow Rose.

Helena Cambier (H. T.). Coppery yellow shaded to amber.

Killarney. Perfectly hardy and a strong, robust grower. Bright rich coral-pink; graceful, long pointed buds; extra large flowers which last a long time after cutting.

La France. One of the sweetest and most beautiful of all Roses. Delicate silvery pink,

RAMBLER ROSES

Price: 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Crimson Rambler. Vigorous, rapid grower. The flowers are borne in immense trusses, pyramidal in form, color rich glowing crimson.

Dorothy Perkins. One of the hardiest of the climbers. The flowers are borne in immense clusters and are of shell-pink, running to deep rose; large pointed buds. Week later than Crimson Rambler.

Lady Gay. Flowers a delicate cherry pink color, fading to soft tinted white.

Yellow Rambler. The hardiest yellow climbing Rose yet introduced.

Wichuraiana, or Memorial Rose. A Japan variety. It is a low-trailing species, creeping on the earth almost as closely as the ivy. Blooms in clusters throughout July. It is

pure white with yellow stamens, and very fragrant. Is valuable for covering banks.

DWARF ROSES

Crimson Baby Rambler. This is a cross between the Crimson Rambler and Gloire des Polyanthus, preserving the prolific flowering qualities of the latter, but with the color of Crimson Rambler. It can therefore be called a Perpetual Dwarf Crimson Rambler. It will begin to bloom in early June and continue throughout the entire Summer until the late frosts. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

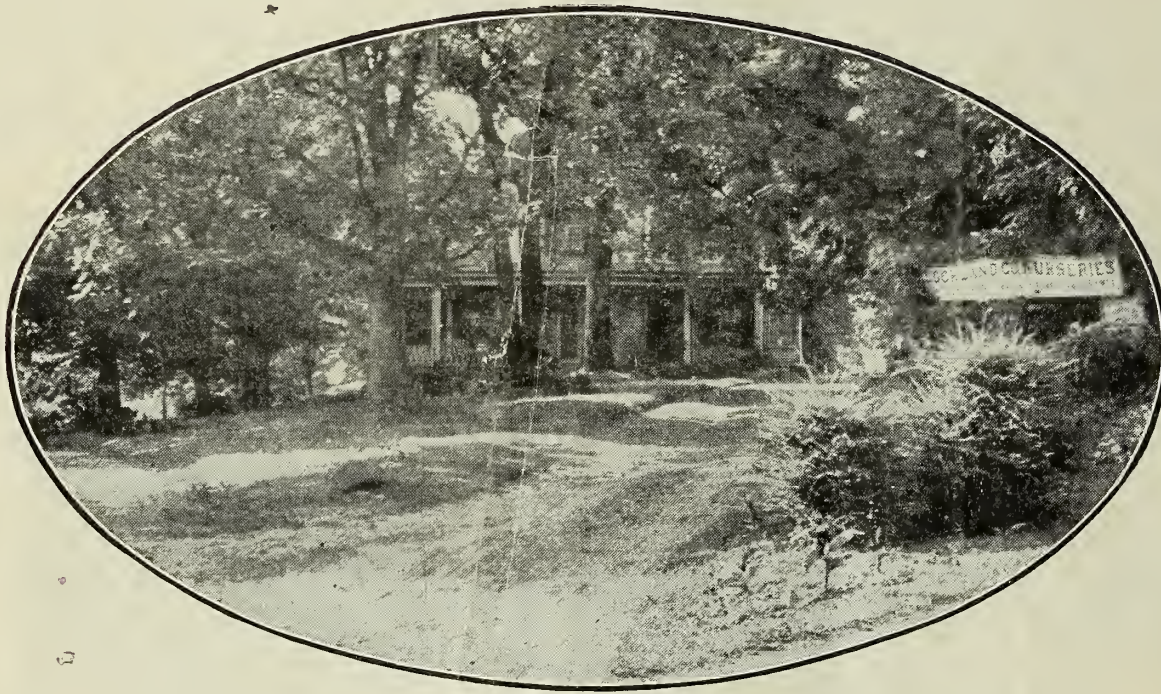
Pink Baby Rambler (New). Flowers are a beautiful shade of deep rose; hardy and vigorous. 35 cts. each.

White Baby Rambler (New). The bushes are well-branched, each branch bearing from 15 to 30 or more clusters of small white flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.



DOROTHY PERKINS ROSES

ROCKLAND NURSERIES



We Invite Friends